

SUBSTITUTE SPECIFICATION SHOWING CHANGES MADE

CONTENT UTILIZING METHOD

5 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a content utilizing method, and more particularly to a method for copyright protection and usage control of a
10 content ~~in~~ when utilizing a digital content ~~in~~ on the Internet.

Related Background Art

Recently, because of ~~spreading~~ increasing popularity of the Internet, a sales business of
15 network distribution of digital contents ~~is~~ has been attracting attention. However, there ~~is arising a~~ have been increasing concerns that the digital contents are illegally utilized without a payment to the copyright owners.

20 For this reason, ~~there is being proposed a~~ technology for protecting the copyright has been proposed, utilizing the technology of encryption and authorization, such as MagicGate® of Sony. However, such technology has to utilize a special recording
25 medium having the functions of encrypting and authorization, such as a memory stick. Also, such method cannot be used for exploiting ~~is unable to~~

~~exploit~~ the convenience of a copy distribution of digital contents.

Also, in the conventional content sales, the user pays a price for the content itself, and such
5 price is constant regardless of an amount of usage of the content. ~~so that~~ As a result, such method has been unreasonable for ~~a user~~ users with a low amount of usage.

10 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In consideration of the foregoing, an object of the present invention is to enable a content distribution freely without requiring a special recording medium, while achieving protection of the
15 copyright.

Another object of the present invention is to enable a payment of a price according to an amount of usage of content by the user.

According to one aspect, the present invention
20 which achieves these objectives relates to a content utilizing method in a system including a user terminal, a content server for providing a content, a content processing apparatus for processing a content, and a usage right controlling server for controlling
25 a right of use of the content, the method including a use requesting step of selecting a content to be used and a condition of use therefore in the user terminal

and requesting the use of such content to the content server, a content transmitting step of encrypting the content with a predetermined encrypting key in the content server and transmitting the content to the content processing apparatus, a license control information transmitting step of generating, in the content server, license control information including usage right information having identification information and condition of use of the selected content and user specific information, and transmitting it together with a decrypting key corresponding to the encrypting key to the usage right control server, a ticket transmitting step of generating, in the content server, a ticket including an identifier of the license control information and transmitting it to the content processing apparatus, an authorization step of transmitting the identifier of the license control information from the content processing apparatus to the usage right control server, which communicates with the content processing apparatus based on the user specific information in the license control information corresponding to the identifier, thereby verifying an authorization for use of the user, a usage right information transmitting step of transmitting the usage right information and the decrypting key from the authorizing server to the content processing

apparatus, and a content processing step of
decrypting the content by the decrypting key in the
content processing apparatus and processing the
decrypted content based on the usage right
5 information.

Other objectives and advantages besides those
discussed above shall be apparent to those skilled in
the art from the description of a preferred
embodiment of the invention which follows. In the
10 description, reference is made to accompanying
drawings, which form a part thereof, and which
illustrate an example of the invention. Such example,
however, is not exhaustive of the various embodiments
of the invention, and therefore reference is made to
15 the claims which follow the description for
determining the scope of the invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the
20 configuration of an entire content distribution
system in a first embodiment;

Fig. 2 is a flow chart showing a content
distributing procedure in the first embodiment;

Fig. 3 is a view showing an example of a
25 content trading menu image;

Fig. 4 is a view showing an example of a usage
right script;

Fig. 5 is a view showing an example of a structure of a usage right script;

Fig. 6 is a view showing an authorizing protocol for a qualification for use in the first
5 embodiment;

Fig. 7 is a view showing an example of a usage right menu; and

Fig. 8 is a view showing an authorizing protocol for a qualification for use in a second
10 embodiment.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

In the following, a preferred embodiment of the present invention will be explained with reference to
15 accompanying drawings.

At first, ~~there will be explained~~ an outline of the embodiment of the present invention will be explained. A user wishing to purchase a content accesses ~~makes an access to~~ a commerce server of
20 contents, and, upon finding an interesting content, selects one of conditions of use proposed by a licensor of the content. Based on the selected condition of use, a usage right (right to use) script is generated, represented by a usage right (right to
25 use) language.

The content is encrypted with a first encrypting key, and becomes a program including

content information (for example a Java® applet format, hereinafter referred to as a content package). Then a license control, including such content information, a second encrypting key and the
5 aforementioned usage right script, is prepared by license control preparation means. Also, use ticket generation means generates a use ticket including license control information and the second encrypting key. In a case ~~it can be assumed that~~ where the user
10 of the content has a third encrypting key (secret key of a public key encryption system) in advance, the use ticket need not include the second encrypting key. Such license control information is used to specify the aforementioned prepared license control.

15 The user downloads the content package and the use ticket to a specified PC or a specified digital composite equipment. The PC or the digital composite equipment in which the content packet is placed will hereinafter be called a content executing device.

20 The license control is transferred from the commerce server to the usage right control server, but it remains in the commerce server in case the commerce server also functions as the usage right control server. The server in which the license
25 control is placed will hereinafter be called a usage right (right to use) control server (or UCS: usage control server).

When the user executes the content package in the content executing device, the content package reads the license control information in the use ticket, and transfers it to the usage right control
5 server. The usage right control server specifies a license control corresponding to the license control information among a license control database managed by the UCS.

Then authorization data are prepared by
10 encrypting the user information contained in the license control, the content information and a random number with the second encrypting key. The usage right control server transmits such authorization data to the content executing device, and the content
15 package transmits decrypted data, obtained by decrypting the authorization data by the second encrypting key contained in the use ticket or by the third encrypting key entered by the user, to the usage right control server. The usage right control
20 server checks whether the decrypted data coincide with the data prior to the encryption, and, in case the authorization is successful, transmits a usage right script and the first encrypting key to the content executing device. The content package
25 decrypts the content with the first encrypting key according to the condition of use of the usage right script, and then executes a printing, a display or a

playing.

The above-explained process for verifying the right of use after the license control is specified may also be executed in a following manner. The UCS
5 generates a random number and transmits the random number to the content executing device. The content executing device encrypts the random number with the second encrypting key or the third encrypting key entered by the user thereby preparing authorization
10 data. The content package transmits such authorization data to the UCS. The UCS decrypts such authorization data with the second encrypting key contained in the license control and verifies the authorization by checking whether the decrypted data
15 coincide with the transmitted random number.

(First embodiment)

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing an entire configuration of a content distribution system of the present embodiment.

20 A client PC (terminal) 2 used by the user is connected to an Internet protocol 1 with a protocol such as HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol), FTP (File Transfer Protocol), POP3 (Post Office Protocol 3) or SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol). A content
25 commerce server 3, having a content for sale, is also connected to the Internet 1.

A content executing device 4 ~~is constituted of~~

comprises a PC or a network-adaptable digital copying machine, for executing a display or a copy of the content. The content executing device 4 has a software necessary for connection to the Internet 1
5 (for example an OS (Operating System), various internet protocols, SSL (Secure Sockets Layer), or www browser), and a Java® VM environment.

A usage right control server 5 controls a right of use of the content for the user.—~~are~~ and is also
10 connected to the Internet 1. The content executing device 4 and the usage right control server 5 may be ~~constituted~~ part of a single server having both functions.

A content package 11, a use ticket 12 and a
15 license control 13 are respectively data handled in the system. Details of these data will be explained later.

In the following, a content distributing protocol of the present embodiment will be explained
20 with reference to a flow chart shown in Fig. 2. Fig. 2 shows a process from a purchase of a content by the user to a charging of a fee.

At first, the user executes an access from its terminal 2 to the content commerce server 3 utilizing
25 a web browser such as a Netscape navigator, and, upon finding a desired content, ~~makes~~ provides an instruction for a purchase. Then, in a step S201,

the content commerce server 3 displays an account menu of the content on the web browser of a display of the user terminal 2.

Fig. 3 shows a displayed image of the content account menu. An account menu image 300 shows a content ID 301, a content name 302, selectable rights of use and charging methods thereof. In Fig. 3, a "printing" right (authorization) 303 only is displayed as the usage right, but there may also be displayed a "display" right, a "copy" right, etc.

Also in Fig. 3, the printing provides options ~~of~~ for black-and-white and color printing, and charges corresponding to the selected option are displayed in charge displaying columns 309 - 312. Each of check boxes 303 - 307 displays a check mark "V" upon selection of a corresponding item.

The user selects "printing" 303 and then selects either "black and white" or "color" (step S202). In this example, it is assumed that "color" is selected.

Then the user selects, for the charging method, either an "actual charge type" 304 or a "prepaid type" 305. For the actual charge type 304, there will be charged a basic printing fee (charged regardless whether the content is used or not), or 300 Yen, and a fee of 1200 Yen ~~per-a~~ for each printing. In the prepaid type 305, there is further

selected a pre-payment for two printings (check box (A) 306) or a pre-payment for ten printings (check box (B) 307).

~~For the selection of~~ If the check box (A) 306
5 is selected, there will be a charge in the amount of
~~charged~~ 2000 Yen as a fee for the two printings, and,
~~for the selection of~~ if the check box (B) 307 is
selected, there will be ~~charged~~ a charge in the
amount of 9000 Yen as a fee for the ten printings.

10 Also by clicking "others" button 308 with a
mouse, the display shifts to an image (not shown) for
selecting prepaid charges for ~~other~~ numbers of
printings other than the check box (A) 306 and check
box (B) 307, whereby the user is ~~enabled~~ allowed to
15 select other numbers of printing.

In a step S203, the user selects the charging
type as explained above, and enters a password
specific to the user (hereinafter referred to as user
key) in a password input column 313. Then an OK
20 button 314 is clicked, whereupon the information
entered in the account menu image is transmitted to
the content commerce server 3. Between the terminal
2 and the content commerce server, a secure
communication is established by a protocol such as
25 SSL. On the other hand, ~~in case~~ if a cancel button
315 is depressed, the entered information is canceled
and the display returns to a state for reentry.

The content commerce server 3, upon receiving the information designated by the user in the account menu image 300, executes following three processes (step S204). Firstly, it encrypts data of the
5 content to generate a content package 11. Secondly, it generates a license control 13 including a usage right script (hereinafter abbreviated as URS). Thirdly, it generates a use ticket 12.

The data of the content are encrypted by a
10 public key encryption system such as DES (Data Encryption Standard), utilizing an encryption key (called content key). The content key may be determined in advance, or prepared for each content, each account or each user.

15 The content package 11 is a Java® applet with program codes to be explained later. The content package 11 also includes content information such as a content ID and a content name.

When the user selects necessary items in the
20 account menu image 300, a URS described in the XML (Extensible Markup Language) language based on the selected information. Fig. 4 shows an example 400 of the URS. Also, Fig. 5 shows a structure of the URS.

In Fig. 5, information 501, 510 to 513, 520 to
25 522 are all text data each sandwiched with XML tags. For example, content information 511 is sandwiched between content tags and has a form of <content> to

</content>. The URS has a hierarchic structure, and a description of a lower block is sandwiched between the tags of an upper block.

A header part 510 indicates the entire script,
5 and contains content information 511, licensor
(person licensing use of content) information 512,
and licensee (person receiving license of use of
content) information 513.

A main part 520 describes a condition of use,
10 and includes an array of right codes 521. Charge
information 522 describes information ~~of~~ for charging
in case the user (licensee) utilizes the right code
521.

The right codes include Play, Print, Copy,
15 Transfer, Loan and Delete. Play is a right of
executing a play such as display, play, game etc. of
the content; Print is a right to print the content;
Copy is a right to distribute a copy of the content
to a third person; Transfer is a right of
20 transferring the content to a third person; Loan is a
right of temporarily lending the content to a third
person; and Delete is a right of erasing the content
and receiving a payback.

A URS sample 400 shown in Fig. 4 includes
25 descriptions of content information 401, licensor
information 402, licensee information 403, a play
(display) right code 404, a print right code 405, and

a copyright code (right code for copy distribution of content right) 406. The print right code 405 describes that a color printing is possible and that 2000 Yen are charged for two printings.

5 The license control 13 includes the user key entered in the password input column 313 of the account menu image 300, the URS 400, content information and a license control ID. Since the URS 400 contains the user ID and the content ID, it is to
10 be noted that the user ID and the content ID are contained in the license control 13. The license control ID is an ID number uniquely given to the license control 13.

 In the step S204, a ~~user~~ use ticket 12 is also
15 generated. The use ticket 12 memorizes the user key and the license control ID mentioned above.

 Then a step S205 downloads necessary files. The content package 11 and the use ticket 12 are downloaded from the content commerce server 3 to the
20 content executing device 4 connected to the Internet 1 and managed by the user.

 On the other hand, the license control 13 and the content key 14 are transferred from the content commerce server 3 to the usage right control server 5
25 under the management of the seller (licensor) of the content. In case the usage right control server 5 is same as the content commerce server 3, the license

control 13 remains in the content commerce server 3.

In a step S206, the user executes the content package 11 in the content executing device 4 under its management. Since the content package 11 is a
5 Java® applet, it can be executed from the web browser. The content package 11 at first verifies an authorization of use, in order to confirm whether the user is a user who has properly purchased the content. A protocol of such use authorization verification is
10 shown in Fig. 6.

The content package 11 establishes a secure communication session such as SSL with the usage right control server 5. Then it reads the use ticket 12 and acquires the license control ID. The content
15 package 11 sends the license control ID to the usage right control server 5 and request a search of the license control 13 corresponding to the use ticket 12 (A in Fig. 6).

The usage right control server (USC) 5 manages,
20 in a database, license controls of licenses purchased by many users. The usage right control server (USC) 5 searches the license control 13 corresponding to the license control ID, and generates a random number. It generates authorization data by encrypting data,
25 formed by combining the user ID and the content ID contained in the license control 13 and the above-mentioned random number, with the user key. In the

present embodiment, the user key is a password constituted of a character train.

The encryption, utilizing a designated character train as the key, can be executed by a
5 known technology such as UNIX® Crypt program. Otherwise, a higher security can be obtained by an encryption method such RSA or PGP, utilizing the user key as a public of a public key encryption process.

The usage right control server (UCS) 5
10 transmits the authorization data to the content executing device 4, and requests a decryption of the authorization data (B in Fig. 6).

The content package 11 decrypts the authorization data with the user key in the use
15 ticket 12. Otherwise, in case the authorization data are encrypted with a public key encryption method, the decryption is executed with secret key data managed by the user. In this case, ~~there is required~~ an operation of entering the secret key is required.
20 Then the decrypted authorization data are transmitted to the usage right control server (UCS) 5 and a checking is requested (C in Fig. 6).

The usage right control server (UCS) 5 checks whether the authorization data prior to the
25 encryption and the decrypted authorization data transmitted from the content executing device 4 are mutually same. If not, it is judged that the user of

the content executing device 4 does not have a proper authorization for use, then an authorization error is transmitted to the content executing device 4 and the process is terminated. If same, it is judged that

5 the user of the content executing device 4 has a proper authorization for use, and the URS 400 in the license control 13 is transmitted to the content executing device 4 (D in Fig. 6).

The content executing device 4 checks whether

10 the transmitted URS 400 belongs thereto by inspecting the user information. In case of no problem, a usage right menu based on the URS 400 is displayed on a display of the content executing device 4. Also the content is decrypted by the content key of the use

15 ticket 12 (step S208). For example, in case of the URS 400 shown in Fig. 4, three rights of Play (display), Print and Copy are displayed on the usage right menu.

Fig. 7 shows an example of the usage right menu.

20 The usage right menu image 700 shown in Fig. 7 includes a check box 701 for selecting the right of use, an OK button 702 for executing the selected usage right, and a cancel button 703 for terminating the process.

25 The user selects a desired right among these rights (step S209). Let us consider a case, for example, of selecting Print (printing in Fig. 7).

Since the Print is a prepaid charging method for two prints in the example shown in Fig. 4, the content package 11 sends a request to the usage right control server (UCS) 5 for checking whether the payment has
5 been made and whether two printings have already been made (E in Fig. 6).

The usage right control server (UCS) 5 executes such checks and, in case of any problem, transmits a charging check error to the content executing device
10 4. Also, an OK is transmitted in case the charging check finds no problem (F in Fig. 6; step S210). The content package 11 terminates the process in case of receiving the charging check error.

The content package 11, upon receiving an OK,
15 executes the Print right (step S211). When the execution is terminated in a normal manner, use history data are transmitted to request a charging process to the usage right control server (UCS) 5 (G in Fig. 6).

20 The usage right control server (UCS) 5 executes a corresponding charging to the licensee described in the license control 13 (step S212). The usage right control server (UCS) 5 has a memory area (credit account) for memorizing a credit to the licensee, and
25 the charged amount is added to such credit account. Then the remaining sum of the account is requested to the licensee for example at the end of each month.

In the present example, since ~~there is adopted~~ the prepaid charging method is adopted, the addition to the account is executed at the preparation (step S204) of the license control 13 (including the URS
5 400), and the step S212 executes a process of decreasing a remaining number available in the prepaid amount.

Also, in case of executing the right for which the actual charging method is selected, the step S212
10 adds a fee of the condition designated by the ~~URS~~ URS 400 to the credit account.

In the present embodiment, as explained in the foregoing, when the content commerce server 3 receives the information designated by the user
15 according to the content of the account menu image 300 displayed on the terminal 2, the content package 11 and the use ticket 12 are downloaded from the content commerce server 3 to the content executing device 4, and the license control 13 is transferred
20 from the content commerce server 3 to the usage right control server 5.

Then the usage right control server 5 utilizes the user key in the transferred license control 13 for encrypting the corresponding license control 13
25 thereby preparing authorization data, and sends it to the content executing device 4.

The content executing device 4 utilizes the

user key in the use ticket 12 to decrypt the transmitted authorization data and sends it to the usage right control server 5. In case the authorization data prior to the encryption are same
5 as the decrypted authorization data, the usage right control server 5 judges that the user of the content executing device 4 has an authorization for use, and transmits the usage right script 400 and the content key in the license control 13 to the license
10 executing device 4.

The license executing device 4 checks the user information for confirming that the transmitted usage right script 400 belongs to it, and, in case there is no problem, displays a usage right menu 700 based on
15 the usage right script 400 on the display of the content executing device 4 and decrypts the content by the transmitted content key.

In the above-described configuration, the content package 11, being encrypted, cannot be
20 improperly utilized upon delivery.

In the event that the user gives the use ticket 12 to another third person, such third person may improperly use such use ticket 12. However, there should not be a major problem since the user usually
25 manages the use ticket 12 confidentially as personal information of its own.

(Second embodiment)

In the following, a second embodiment will be explained. The present embodiment is different from the first embodiment in the method of verifying the authorization for use. More specifically, the
5 verification of the authorization for use in (A) to (D) in Fig. 6 is replaced by a method shown in Fig. 8. Therefore, an explanation will be given only to the verification of the authorization for use and other portions will not be explained.

10 Referring to Fig. 8, the usage right control server (UCS) 5 generates a random number and transmits it to the content executing device (801). The content package 11 receives the random number and encrypts the random number with the second encrypting
15 key or the third encrypting key (which is a secret key of the user in a public key encrypting system, in which case the second encrypting key becomes a public corresponding to such secret key) to prepare authorization data, and ~~send~~ sends it to the usage
20 right control server (UCS) 5 (802).

The usage right control server (UCS) 5 decrypts the received authorization data with the second encrypting key contained in the license control 13, and makes a comparison with the random number prior
25 to the transmission. In case of coincidence, the authorization for use is confirmed and the URS is transmitted to the content executing device (803).

On the other hand, in case of no coincidence, the authorization for use is considered absent, and for example a verification error is transmitted to the content executing device to terminate the process.

5 In the present embodiment, as explained in the foregoing, the authorization for use is verified by transmitting and receiving a random number between the usage right control server 5 and the content executing device 4 to achieve the verification of the
10 authorization for use in an easy and secure manner.

 The embodiments explained in the foregoing enable arbitrary delivery of the content package without employing a special recording medium, thereby allowing ~~to increase the~~ increased distribution of
15 the contents. Also for the payment of the charge for the usage of the content, ~~there can be employed a~~ charging method in which the user of the content makes a payment according to the number of uses can be employed.

20 The present invention may be applied to a system formed ~~by~~ from plural equipment components (for example a main computer, an interface equipment, a display etc.) or to an apparatus constituted of a single equipment component, ~~within to~~ to an extent that
25 the functions of the aforementioned embodiments can be realized.

 The present invention also includes a

configuration of supplying a computer in the apparatus or the system, connected with various devices for operating such devices so as to realize the functions of the aforementioned embodiments, with
5 program codes of a software for realizing the functions of the aforementioned embodiments and the computer (or CPU (Central Processing Unit) or MPU (Micro Processing Unit)) of such system or apparatus operates the devices according to the supplied
10 program. In such case, the program codes themselves read from a memory medium realize the functions of the aforementioned embodiments, and such program codes themselves, or means for supplying the computer with such program codes, for example a memory medium
15 storing the program codes, constitutes the present invention.

The memory medium for supplying such program codes can be, for example, a floppy disk, a hard disk, an optical disk, a magnetooptical disk, a CD-ROM, a
20 CD-R, a magnetic tape, a non-volatile memory card or a ROM.

Also the present invention naturally includes the program codes not only in a case where the computer executes the read program codes to realize
25 the functions of the aforementioned embodiments, but also in a case where an OS (operating system) functioning on the computer or another application

realizes the functions of the aforementioned
embodiments under the instructions of such program
codes.

Furthermore, the present invention includes a
5 case where the program codes read from the memory
medium are once stored in a memory provided in a
function expansion board inserted in the computer or
a function expansion unit connected to the computer,
and a CPU or the like provided in such function
10 expansion board or the function expansion unit
executes all the actual processes or a part thereof
thereby realizing the functions of the aforementioned
embodiments.

In case the present invention is applied to the
15 memory medium mentioned above, program codes
corresponding to the foregoing flow charts can be
stored in such memory medium.

Although the present invention has been
described in its preferred form with a certain degree
20 of particularity, many apparently widely different
embodiments of the invention can be made without
departing from the spirit and the scope thereof. It
is to be understood that the invention is not limited
to the specific embodiments thereof except as defined
25 in the appended claims.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The content utilizing method includes the steps of encrypting the encrypted requested content with a predetermined encrypting key and transmitted to a
5 content processing apparatus, generating and transmitting license control information including usage right information having identification information, and condition of use of the selected content and user specific information together with a
10 decrypting key corresponding to the encrypting key to a usage right control server controlling the usage right of the content. If the utilizing authorization of the content is verified, the usage right information and the decrypting key are transmitted from the authorizing
15 server to the content processing apparatus, and the content is decrypted by the decrypting key in the content processing apparatus and the decrypted content is processed based on the usage right information. In this manner an arbitrary content distribution is
20 enabled to protect the content by a copyright protection without requiring a special recording media.